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= d his 11-123
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:21:58 ON 08 NOV 2004)
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:22:05 ON 08 NOV 2004
L1
         245125 S PEPTIDE#
            876 S L1 (L) (CU OR COPPER ) (L) COMPLEX?
L2
         151410 S EMULSI?
L3
              6 S L3 AND L2
L4
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:25:29 ON 08 NOV 2004
                E COPPER II/CN
                E COPPER/CN
L5
              1 S E3
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:26:08 ON 08 NOV 2004
            263 S L5/D (L) COMPLEX? (L) PEPTIDE#
Lб
L7
              4 S L6 AND L3
              6 S'L7 OR L4
\Gamma8
     FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:27:41 ON 08 NOV 2004
               ACT LEITH/A
L9
                STR
            277 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9
L10
               _____
               ACT LEITH2/A
L11 (
         739820) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON [GKASV] H [KG] / SQSP
             31 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 AND CU/ELS
L12
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:27:57 ON 08 NOV 2004
            226 S L10
L13
             15 S L12
L14
L15
              0 S L13 AND L3
L16
              0 S L13 AND EMULSI?/AB
L17
              0 S L14 AND L3
L18
              0 S L14 AND EMULSI?/AB
L19
          83439 S ANTIOXID?
L20
              4 S L19 AND L13
```

1 S L19 AND L14

5 S L20 OR L21

5 S L22 NOT L8

L21

L22

L23

=> fil req FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:27:13 ON 08 NOV 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS)

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 7 NOV 2004 HIGHEST RN 776240-21-2 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 7 NOV 2004 HIGHEST RN 776240-21-2

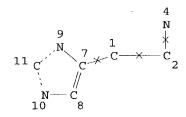
TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

=> d que stat l10 L9 STR



Cu 12

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NSPEC IS RC AT 12 DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

277 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9 (L10

512 ITERATIONS 100.0% PROCESSED

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

(277 ANSWERS

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=> d que 112

739820) SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON [GKASV]H[KG]/SQSP L11 ( L11 AND CU/ELS 31 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON cL12

=> fil caplus

searched by Alex Waclawiw Page 2

seavence search or when you have you more amino

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:29:35 ON 08 NOV 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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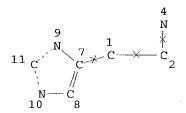
FILE COVERS 1907 - 8 Nov 2004 VOL 141 ISS 20 FILE LAST UPDATED: 7 Nov 2004 (20041107/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'CAPLUS' FILE

=> d que 18 L1245125 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON PEPTIDE#/OBI L2 876 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 (L) (CU/OBI OR COPPER/OBI ) (L) COMPLEX?/OBI L3151410 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON EMULSI?/OBI L46 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND L2 L51 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON COPPER/CN 263 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L5/D (L) COMPLEX?/OBI (L) Ь6 PEPTIDE#/OBI L74 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L6 AND L3 L86 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 OR L4

=> d que 122 L9 STR



Cu 12

NODE ATTRIBUTES:
NSPEC IS RC AT 12
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE L10 277 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L9

searched by Alex Waclawiw Page 3

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739820)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON
                                                  [GKASV] H [KG] / SQSP
L11 (
             31 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 AND CU/ELS
L12
            226 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L10
L13
             15 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                        PLU=ON L12
L14
          83439 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                        PLU=ON ANTIOXID?/OBI
L19
              4 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                        PLU=ON L19 AND L13
L20
              1 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                        PLU=ON L19 AND L14
L21
              5 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON
                                        PLU=ON L20 OR L21
L22
```

## => d .ca 18 1-6;d .ca hitstr 122 1-5

ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:825111 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:320088

TITLE:

Preserved and stable compositions containing

peptide copper complexes and methods related thereto

INVENTOR(S):

Patt, Leonard M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Procyte Corporation, USA U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 12 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND		DATE		APPLICATION NO.					DATE			
		- <b></b> -								<del>-</del> ·							- <b>-</b>
US 2004198639					<b>A</b> 1	A1 20041007			US 2003-405111						20030331		
WO 2004087740				A2	20041014			WO 2004-US9546						20040329			
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	ΒZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	ΡL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
		ΤJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,
		BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,
		ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΗU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	ΝL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,
		SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,
		TD,	TG														

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2003-405111 A 20030331

Compns. comprising at least one peptide copper complex and at least one preservative exhibit chemical stability of the peptide copper complex, as well as resistance and/or toxicity to microbial growth, when the preservative is selected to be a non-formaldehyde-donating preservative. In other embodiments, the present invention is directed to such compns. that are formulated for use as pharmaceuticals and cosmetic products, and to medical devices comprising a disclosed composition In another aspect, the present invention is also directed to a method for imparting to a composition comprising at least one peptide copper complex, chemical stability as well as resistance and/or toxicity to microbial growth, where the method comprises incorporating a non-formaldehyde-donating preservative in the composition

ICM A61K038-16 IC

514006000 NCL

63-6 (Pharmaceuticals) CC

Section cross-reference(s): 62

ST preservative peptide complex copper

IT Skin, disease

```
(aging, wrinkles; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing
        peptide copper complexes)
IT
     Cosmetics
        (antiaging; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
TT
     Drug delivery systems
        (carriers; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Cosmetics
        (conditioners; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing
        peptide copper complexes)
IT
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PAC
     (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (copper complexes; preservative and stabilizer
        compns. containing peptide copper complexes)
TT
     Cosmetics
        (creams; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Petrolatum
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (creams; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Lanolin
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (derivs.; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Cosmetics
     Drug delivery systems
        (emollients; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (gels; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Skin, disease
        (hyperpigmentation; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing
        peptide copper complexes)
IT
     Drug delivery systems
        (liposomes; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Cosmetics
     Drug delivery systems
        (lotions; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Emulsions
        (microemulsions; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing
       peptide copper complexes)
IT
     Encapsulation
        (microencapsulation; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing
        peptide copper complexes)
    Cosmetics
IT
        (milks; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Photolysis
        (of skin; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
    Drug delivery systems
```

```
(ointments, creams; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing
        peptide copper complexes)
    Alcohols, biological studies
IT
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (polyhydric, esters; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing
        peptide copper complexes)
IT
    Beeswax
     Buffers
     Cosmetics
    Drug delivery systems
       Emulsifying agents
     Humectants
     Iontophoresis
     Physiological saline solutions
     Preservatives
     Solvents
     Sound and Ultrasound
     Stabilizing agents
     Sunscreens
     Suntanning agents
     Surfactants
     Thickening agents
        (preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
     Protein hydrolyzates
\mathbf{T}
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PAC
     (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
     Paraffin oils
     Phospholipids, biological studies
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
     Sterols
     Waxes
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     Cocoa butter
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (wax; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
IT
     99-96-7D, alkyl esters
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PAC
     (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); USES (Uses)
        (Paraben; preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes)
     65-85-0, Benzoic acid, biological studies 65-85-0D, Benzoic acid, salts
TT
     100-51-6, Benzyl alcohol, biological studies
                                                    104-29-0
                                                                122-99-6,
     Phenoxyethanol
                      3380-34-5, Triclosan 7440-50-8D, Copper
     , peptide complexes
                           15158-11-9D, Copper
     (II), complexes with peptides, biological studies
     49557-75-7D, copper II complexes
                                         71992-41-1
     126828-32-8D, copper II complexes 510727-21-6D,
     copper II complexes
```

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide copper complexes) IT 68-26-8, Retinol 302-79-4, Retinoic acid RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); (preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide copper complexes) 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies IT9004-34-6D, Cellulose, RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (preservative and stabilizer compns. containing peptide copper complexes) ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:41234 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:99288 TITLE: Compositions containing peptide copper complexes and soft tissue fillers INVENTOR(S): Patt, Leonard M. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Procyte Corporation, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. -----\_\_\_\_ -----WO 2004004671 A1 20040115 WO 2003-US20438 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG US 2004063616 20040401 A1US 2003-607575 20030626 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-393563P P 20020702 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:99288 Novel compns. are disclosed for treating skin defects and effecting desired cosmetic changes by way of soft tissue augmentation, combining at least one soft tissue filler and at least one peptide copper complex. Typically, the compns. are suitable for injection into skin areas in need of such treatment. Also disclosed are methods for treating skin defects and effecting desired cosmetic changes. One disclosed method employs the disclosed compns. wherein the soft tissue fillers and peptide copper complexes are combined. Other disclosed methods combine the soft tissue fillers and peptide copper complexes during application of the method

itself by way of injection, or a combination of injection and topical

application, of the fillers and complexes.

```
IC
     ICM A61K007-00
     ICS A61K007-48; A61L027-00; A61L027-50; A61L027-54
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
     Section cross-reference(s): 14, 63
     cosmetic soft tissue augmentation copper complex
ST
     peptide
     Alcohols, biological studies
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (C16-18, ethoxylated; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
     Glycerides, biological studies
\mathbf{IT}
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (C8-10; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
IT
     Adipose tissue
        (autologous; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
     Drug delivery systems
IT
        (carriers; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
IT
     Beeswax
     Buffers
       Emulsifying agents
     Human
     Humectants
     Physiological saline solutions
     Preservatives
     Sunscreens
     Suntanning agents
     Thickening agents
        (compns. containing peptide copper complexes
        and soft tissue fillers)
     Collagens, biological studies
     Fluoropolymers, biological studies
     Lanolin
     Polyesters, biological studies
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (compns. containing peptide copper complexes
        and soft tissue fillers)
     Peptides, biological studies
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (copper complexes; compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes and soft tissue fillers)
IT
     Liposomes
        (cosmetic; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
     Cosmetics
TT
         (emollients; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
     Cosmetics
IT
         (gels; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
IT
     Skin
         (injections for; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
```

```
TT
     Drug delivery systems
        (injections, for the skin; compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes and soft tissue fillers)
TТ
     Drug delivery systems
        (liposomes; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
TT
     Paraffin waxes, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (low-melting-pt.; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
TT
     Cosmetics
        (skin-lightening; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
IT
     Animal tissue
        (soft, fillers for; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
IT
     Cosmetics
        (suspensions; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
IT
     Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
     USES (Uses)
        (vegetable; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
     9003-01-4D, crosslinked
IT
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); POF (Polymer in formulation); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Carbomer; compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and soft tissue fillers)
IT
     99-96-7D, alkyl esters
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (Parabens, preservative; compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes and soft tissue fillers)
IT
     79-06-1D, Acrylamide, copolymers
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (compns. containing peptide copper complexes
        and soft tissue fillers)
     9002-89-5, Polyvinyl alcohol
                                  9003-01-4, Polyacrylic acid
IT
                                                                  9004-62-0,
     Hydroxyethylcellulose
                           9004-64-2, Hydroxypropylcellulose
                                                                 25087-26-7,
     Polymethacrylic acid
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); POF (Polymer in formulation); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (compns. containing peptide copper complexes
        and soft tissue fillers)
IT
    50-70-4, Sorbitol, biological studies
                                             57-50-1, Sucrose, biological
    studies
             57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies
    Teflon
             9004-34-6D, Cellulose, derivs.
                                               9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid
     9005-25-8, Starch, biological studies
                                             9011-14-7, Polymethylmethacrylate
    15158-11-9D, Copper2+, peptide complexes
                                               24991-23-9
    25513-46-6, Polyglutamic acid
                                     26023-30-3, Poly[oxy(1-methyl-2-oxo-1,2-
                   26100-51-6, Polylactic acid
    ethanediyl)]
                                                  36653-82-4, Cetyl alcohol
    49557-75-7D, copper(II) complex
                                       52292-17-8,
    Isosteareth 64248-79-9, Sodium isostearate
                                                    68814-13-1, Cetyl phosphate
    126828-32-8D, copper(II) complex
                                        510727-21-6D,
    copper(II) complex
    RL: COS (Cosmetic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
    USES (Uses)
```

(compns. containing peptide copper complexes and soft tissue fillers) 100-51-6, Benzyl alcohol, biological studies 122-99-6, Phenoxyethanol TT 6440-58-0, DMDM hydantoin 55406-53-6 78491-02-8, Diazolidinyl urea RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (preservative; compns. containing peptide copper complexes and soft tissue fillers) THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 6 REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 2003:967913 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: 140:19611 DOCUMENT NUMBER: Cosmetic skin care compositions containing TITLE: thymosin-β4 Marini, Jan INVENTOR(S): Jan Marini Skin Research, Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: EPXXDW DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: DATE APPLICATION NO. KIND DATE PATENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ - - - <del>-</del> A1 20031210 EP 2003-253154 20030520 EP 1369107 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK 20020603 US 2002-161884 20031211 US 2003228266 A1 US 2002-161884 A 20020603 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: Cosmetic skin care compns. containing thymosin-  $\beta 4$  are provided. The compns. may also contain growth factors or steroids. The compns. improve the appearance of aged or damaged skin. IC ICM A61K007-48 62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics) CC Peptides, biological studies RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (copper complexes; cosmetic skin care compns. containing thymosin-β4) Cosmetics IT(emulsions; cosmetic skin care compns. containing thymosin- $\beta$ 4) 53-16-7, Estrone, biological 50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies IT 57-83-0, Progesterone, biological studies 63-05-8, Androstenedione 67-71-0, MSM 68-26-8, Retinol 69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies 79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological studies 123-99-9, Azelaic acid, biological studies 137-66-6, Ascorbyl palmitate 303-98-0, Coenzyme q10 479-68-5, Broparoestrol 501-30-4, Kojic acid 4406-37-5, Pregnanolone 7440-50-8D, Copper, peptide complexes 25126-76-5, Androstanediol 127464-60-2, Vascular endothelial growth factor RL: COS (Cosmetic use); MOA (Modifier or additive use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (cosmetic skin care compns. containing thymosin- $\beta4$ ) THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT:

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                            2003:300855 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                            138:326275
TITLE:
                            Skin care compositions containing peptide
                            copper complexes and retinol or its
                            derivatives
INVENTOR(S):
                            Patt, Leonard M.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                            Procyte Corporation, USA
SOURCE:
                            PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.
                            CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                            Patent
LANGUAGE:
                            English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                           KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
                                                APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                                 -----
                                                                          _____
                                              WO 2002-US32061 20021004
     WO 2003030860
                            A1
                                  20030417
          W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
              GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
              PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
          RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF,
              CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2003134780
                            A1
                                 20030717
                                              US 2002-264363
                                                                           20021004
     EP 1434561
                            Α1
                                   20040707
                                                EP 2002-769001
                                                                           20021004
              AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                 US 2001-327640P
                                                                    P 20011005
                                                 WO 2002-US32061
                                                                       W 20021004
     Compns., generally useful for preserving the skin and/or improving its
AB
     health and appearance, comprise a peptide copper complex and retinol, or a
     retinol derivative In another embodiment, the disclosed compns. further comprise additives, including emollients, sunscreen agents, skin
     protectants, skin conditioning agents, and/or humectants. Also disclosed
     is a method for treating skin to accomplish such preservation and/or
     improvement thereof, where the method comprises the step of topically
     applying a disclosed composition to an area of skin in need of such treatment.
     Thus, a moisturizing lotion contained water 73.80, glycerin 1.00, xanthan
     gum 0.50, diisopropyl adipate 4.00, isocetyl stearate 6.00, octyl
     palmitate 10.00, glyceryl stearate 1.00, cetyl alc. 1.00, stearyl alc.
     0.80, behenyl alc. 0.50, palmitic acid 0.25, stearic acid 0.25,
     glycyl-L-histidyl-L-lysine copper complex 0.20, retinol 0.10, propylene
     glycol 0.55, diazolidinylurea 0.03, and iodopropynyl butylcarbonate 0.02%.
IC
     ICM A61K007-48
     ICS A61K038-04; A61K031-07
CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
ST
     skin care peptide copper complex retinol
     Skin, disease
TТ
         (aging, wrinkles; skin care compns. containing peptide
        copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.)
IT
     Skin, disease
         (aging; skin care compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and retinol or its derivs.)
IT
     Peptides, biological studies
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
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(complexes, copper complexes; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) Cosmetics (conditioners; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) IT Cosmetics (creams; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) IT (emollients; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) Cosmetics IT (emulsions; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) Alcohols, biological studies ITRL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (fatty; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) Bases, biological studies TT RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (inorg.; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) IT (liposomes; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) IT Cosmetics (lotions; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) Bases, biological studies ITRL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (organic; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) Alcohols, biological studies IT RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (polyhydric, esters; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) Alcohols, biological studies ITRL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (short-chain; skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.) Beeswax IT Emulsifying agents Human Humectants Physiological saline solutions Skin Sunscreens Suntanning agents Surfactants Thickening agents (skin care compns. containing peptide copper complexes and retinol or its derivs.)  $\mathbf{IT}$ Cocoa butter Fatty acids, biological studies Glycerides, biological studies Glycols, biological studies Hydrocarbon oils Lanolin Petrolatum

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Phospholipids, biological studies
     Polysiloxanes, biological studies
     Sterols
     Waxes
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (skin care compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and retinol or its derivs.)
     57-10-3, Palmitic acid, biological studies
TT
                                                 57-11-4, Stearic acid,
     biological studies 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological studies
     68-26-8, all-trans-Retinol 68-26-8D, Retinol, derivs. 79-80-1,
     3,4-Didehydroretinol 79-81-2, Retinyl palmitate 112-92-5, Stearyl
     alcohol
               116-31-4, Retinal 127-47-9, Retinyl acetate 302-79-4,
                   661-19-8, Behenyl alcohol
     Retinoic acid
                                                7069-42-3, Retinyl propionate
     9004-34-6D, Cellulose, derivs. 9006-65-9, Dimethicone
                                                              11099-07-3,
     Glyceryl stearate 15158-11-9D, Copper(II), peptide
     complexes 22737-97-9, 9-cis-Retinol 25339-09-7, Isocetyl
                29806-73-3, 2-Ethylhexyl palmitate 34513-50-3, Octyldodecanol
     sțearate
     36653-82-4, Cetyl alcohol 41669-30-1, IsoStearyl isostearate
     49557-75-7D, complex with copper
                                      71566-49-9,
     2-Ethylhexyl isononanoate 84415-27-0 126828-32-8D, complex
                 510727-21-6D, complex with
     with copper
     copper
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (skin care compns. containing peptide copper
        complexes and retinol or its derivs.)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         5
                              THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                        2001:895575 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        136:24959
TITLE:
                         Cosmetic skin care compositions containing
                        \alpha-interferon
INVENTOR(S):
                        Marini, Jan L.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Jan Marini Skin Research, Inc., USA
SOURCE:
                        U.S., 5 pp.
                         CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
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                               _____
     US 6328987
                        В1
                               20011211
                                        US 2000-705319
                                                                  20001103
     EP 1203579
                         A1
                               20020508
                                         EP 2001-308850
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           US 2000-705319
                                                               A 20001103
     Cosmetic skin care compns. containing \alpha-interferon are provided. The
     compns. improve the appearance of aged or damaged skin. Thus, a
     formulation contained water 75.40, Carbomer 0.30, disodium EDTA 0.10,
     glycerin 3.00, Polysorbate-20 2.50, butylene Glycol 2.00, methylparaben
     0.30, triethanolamine 99% 0.30, iso-Pr myristate 5.00, octyl palmitate
     3.00, cetyl alc. 1.00, Dimethicone-100 0.50, beeswax 0.30, propylparaben
     0.10, Germall II 0.10, and fragrance 0.10%, and \alpha\text{-interferon} 300 U.
TC
     ICM A61K007-00
     ICS A61K007-40; A61K031-74; A61K007-42
NCL
    424407000
CC
     62-4 (Essential Oils and Cosmetics)
```

ITCosmetics (emulsions; skin cosmetic compns. containing  $\alpha$ -interferon) 50-28-2, Estradiol, biological studies 53-16-7, Estrone, biological IT 57-83-0, Progesterone, biological studies 63-05-8, Androstenedione 67-71-0, Methylsulfonylmethane 68-26-8, Retinol 69-72-7, Salicylic acid, biological studies 79-14-1, Glycolic acid, biological studies 123-99-9, Azelaic acid, biological studies 137-66-6, Ascorbyl palmitate 145-13-1, Pregnenolone 303-98-0, Coenzyme 479-68-5, Broparoestrol 501-30-4, Kojic acid **7440-50-8D**, 010 Copper, peptide complexes 25126-76-5, Androstanediol RL: COS (Cosmetic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (skin cosmetic compns. containing  $\alpha$ -interferon) THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 5 REFERENCE COUNT: RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:885683 CAPLUS 136:11191 DOCUMENT NUMBER: Composition and method for enhancing elasticity of TITLE: tissue Mitts, Thomas F.; Sandberg, Lawrence B.; Jimenez, INVENTOR(S): Felipe, Jr. Connective Tissue Imagineering Llc, USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE PATENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_ \_ \_ \_ 20011206 WO 2001-US17384 20010530 WO 2001091700 A2 C1 20031120 WO 2001091700 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, HR, HO, ID, II, IN, IS, OF, RE, RG, RF, RC, RZ, HC, HC, HK, HS, HS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG 20030114 US 2000-584001 20000530 US 6506731 В1 20040921 US 2000-580893 20000530 US 6794362 В1 20041026 US 6809075 В1 US 2000-580110 20000530 AU 2001075018 20011211 AU 2001-75018 20010530 A5 EP 1392346 A2 20040303 EP 2001-941684 20010530 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR 20030129 Α 20030129 NO 2003-454 NO 2003000454 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-580110 A 20000530 A 20000530 US 2000-580156 A 20000530 US 2000-580893 A 20000530 US 2000-584001

A2 19980313

A2 19990312 W 20010530

US 1998-39308 WO 1999-US5496

WO 2001-US17384

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:11191

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The present invention is directed to a composition and method used to enhance
AB
     the elasticity and/or appearance of tissue. Specifically, the present
     invention is directed to a composition formulated from peptides having low mol.
     wts. and which substantially correspond to sequences found in elastin.
IC
     ICM A61K
     63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 62
     Cosmetics
IT
        (emulsions; elastin peptides and method for enhancing
        elasticity of tissue)
                                          1187-50-4 7440-50-8D,
IT
     302-79-4, Retinoic acid
                               686-50-0
     Copper, peptide complexes
                                 58272-50-7
                                            69288-25-1
                                                         103584-76-5
     61434-54-6
                  66835-73-2 68293-03-8
                                               243647-50-9
                                                              243647-54-3
                   211750-16-2
                                 243647-47-4
     165745-00-6
                                                              243647-65-6
     243647-56-5
                   243647-58-7
                                 243647-61-2
                                               243647-63-4
                                               243647-72-5
                                                              243647-73-6
                                 243647-70-3
     243647-67-8
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                                               243647-82-7
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     243647-75-8
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                                 376352-71-5
                   376352-74-8D, copper complexes
     376352-74-8
                   376352-75-9D, copper complexes
     376352-75-9
                   376352-76-0D, copper complexes
     376352-76-0
                                 376352-79-3
                   376352-78-2
                                               376352-80-6
                                                              376352-81-7
     376352-77-1
                   376352-82-8D, copper complexes
     376352-82-8
                   376352-83-9D, copper complexes
     376352-83-9
                   376352-84-0D, copper complexes
     376352-84-0
                                 376352-87-3
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                                                              376352-89-5
                   376352-86-2
     376352-85-1
                                      376352-90-8
     376352-89-5D, copper complexes
     376352-90-8D, copper complexes
                                      376352-91-9
     376352-91-9D, copper complexes
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (elastin peptides and method for enhancing elasticity of
        tissue)
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L22 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2001:902003 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         136:100524
                         Disturbed copper transport in humans. Part 1:
TITLE:
                         Mutations of the ATP7A gene leads to Menkes disease
                         and occipital horn syndrome
                         Seidel, Joerg; Birk Moller, Lisbeth; Mentzel,
AUTHOR (S):
                         Hans-Joachim; Kauf, Eberhard; Vogt, Susanna; Patzer,
                         Steffi; Wollina, Uwe; Zintl, Felix; Horn, Nina
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Department of Pediatrics, Friedrich-Schiller
                         University of Jena, Jena, D-07740, Germany
                         Cellular and Molecular Biology (Paris, France, Online)
SOURCE:
                         (2001), 47, OL141-OL148
                         CODEN: CMBPBN; ISSN: 1165-158X
                         URL: http://www.cmb-ass.com/Vol/Vol47/online47-20.htm
PUBLISHER:
                         CMB Association
                         Journal; (online computer file)
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Mutations of the ATP7A gene (OMIM 300011) lead to the Menkes disease (MD,
     OMIM 309400) involving impaired brain development, neurol.
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degeneration, connective tissue abnormalities, and high lethality in early infancy. Occipital horn syndrome (OHS, OMIM 304150), a milder phenotype, is also caused by ATP7A gene mutations. In MD patients, an early copper-histidine treatment may prevent the neurol. impairment and prolong survival leading to an OHS phenotype. To demonstrate the qenotype/phenotype correlation, two male patients are reported with different ATP7A gene mutations and several phenotypes. In the first patient with the MD phenotype, a mutation within the exon 20 (Gln1288Ter) was found producing a stop codon just prior to the highly conserved ATP binding domain. The OHS phenotype of the second patient was caused by a splice site mutation involving the position +6 of intron 6 within a copper-binding domain. Small amts. of correctly spliced ATP7A transcript were sufficient to develop the milder OHS phenotype in this patient (OMIM 30001.0006). In conclusion, mutations of the copper transporting P-type ATPase ATP7A gene cause distinct human diseases showing some qenotype/phenotype correlation and implications for treatment.

CC 14-10 (Mammalian Pathological Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 1, 3, 18

ST copper transport ATP7A gene mutation Menkes disease; ATPase P type genotype occipital horn syndrome; vitamin E selenium ascorbate antioxidant copper histidine Menkes disease

IT Antioxidants

IT

IT

RN

(disturbed copper transport in humans and mutations of ATP7A gene leading to Menkes disease and occipital horn syndrome in relation to) 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 7782-49-2, Selenium, biological studies 13870-80-9, Copper-histidine

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(disturbed copper transport in humans and mutations of ATP7A gene leading to Menkes disease and occipital horn syndrome in relation to) 13870-80-9, Copper-histidine

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(disturbed copper transport in humans and mutations of ATP7A gene leading to Menkes disease and occipital horn syndrome in relation to) 13870-80-9 CAPLUS

CN Copper, bis(L-histidinato-κN,κO) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L22 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:718839 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:118551

TITLE:

Coordinating properties of cyclopeptides.

Thermodynamic and spectroscopic study on the formation

of copper(II) complexes with cyclo(Gly-His)4 and

cyclo(Gly-His-Gly)2 and their superoxide

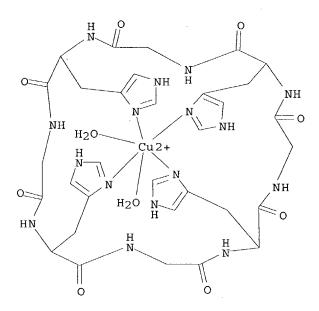
dismutase-like activity

Patricia Leith 09/991,293 Bonomo, Raffaele P.; Impellizzeri, Giuseppe; AUTHOR (S): Pappalardo, Giuseppe; Purrello, Roberto; Rizzarelli, Enrico; Tabbi, Giovanni Department of Chemical Sciences, University of CORPORATE SOURCE: Catania, Catania, 95125, Italy Journal of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions: SOURCE: Inorganic Chemistry (1998), (22), 3851-3858 CODEN: JCDTBI; ISSN: 0300-9246 PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE: Two cyclopeptides, cyclo(GlyHis)4 and cyclo(GlyHisGly)2 were synthesized with the specific aim to form Cu(II) complexes which are able to mimic the active site of superoxide dismutase. Proton and Cu(II) complexes were thermodynamically characterized. The Cu(II) complexes were also studied by optical and ESR spectroscopy to gain information on their structural features and by voltammetry to know about their redox ability. Also, the antioxidant activity of these complex species was tested against enzymically generated superoxide radical. Depending on the pH value of the solution, definite complexes could be characterized, in particular  $[Cu\{cyclo(GlyHis)4\}]$ 2+ and  $[Cu\{cyclo(GlyHis)4\}H-2]$  and [Cu{cyclo(GlyHisGly)2}H-2] are the main species, which were taken into consideration to assay their antioxidant catalytic activity. The ESR studies suggested that a four-N coordination by imidazole N atoms or deprotonated peptide N atoms forms the environment around Cu. At the same coordination level, the redox properties of these compds. parallel their scavenging abilities against O2- which are lower than those of other Cu(II) complexes previously tested. The  $[Cu\{cyclo(GlyHis)4\}]2+ complex$ showed higher redox potential and better catalytic ability than  $[Cu\{cyclo(GlyHis)4\}H-2]$  and  $[Cu\{cyclo(GlyHisGly)2\}H-2]$ , which have roughly similar redox potentials and scavenging abilities. 78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions) CCSection cross-reference(s): 7, 34, 68, 72 redn potential copper glycine histidine cyclopeptide; copper glycine SThistidine cyclopeptide formation antioxidant activity; superoxide dismutase model antioxidant activity copper glycine histidine cyclopeptide; stability const copper glycine histidine cyclopeptide complex; protonation const glycine histidine cyclopeptide; ESR copper glycine histidine cyclopeptide Enzyme functional sites TT (active; copper glycine-histidine cyclopeptide complexes as models for antioxidant activity of superoxide dismutase) ITAntioxidants (copper complexes with glycine-histidine cyclopeptides as models for superoxide dismutase) 7440-50-8DP, Copper, glycylhystidinyl cyclopepetide complexes, preparation IT219743-86-9DP, copper complex 219743-89-2P 219743-93-8P RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (formation and ESR and stability consts. and reduction potential and antioxidant activity as model for superoxide dismutase) 219743-89-2P 219743-93-8P ITRL: CAT (Catalyst use); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(formation and ESR and stability consts. and reduction potential and antioxidant activity as model for superoxide dismutase) 219743-89-2 CAPLUS

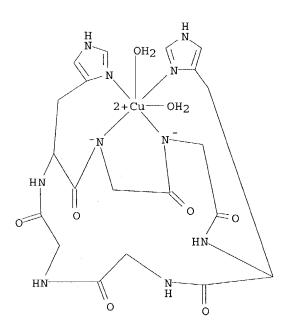
Copper(2+), diagua[cyclo(glycyl-L-histidyl-kN3-glycyl-L-histidylκN3-glycyl-L-histidyl-κN3-glycyl-L-histidyl-κN3)]-, (OC-6-12) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN



RN 219743-93-8 CAPLUS

CN Copper, diaqua[cyclo(glycyl-κN-glycyl-κN-L-histidyl-κN3-glycylglycyl-L-histidyl-κN3)ato(2-)]-, (OC-6-15)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L22 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:97195 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

128:225950

TITLE:

Nitroxide radicals prevent metal-aggravated

searched by Alex Waclawiw Page 18

reperfusion injury in isolated rat heart

AUTHOR (S):

Zeltcer, Galina; Berenshtein, Eduard; Samuni, Amram;

Chevion, Mordechai

The Department of Cellular Biochemistry, The Hebrew CORPORATE SOURCE:

University-Hadassah Medical School, Jerusalem, 91120,

Israel

Free Radical Research (1997), 27(6), 627-635 SOURCE:

CODEN: FRARER; ISSN: 1071-5762

Harwood Academic Publishers PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal English LANGUAGE:

The effects of Cu(II) and the stable nitroxide radical 4-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-1-oxyl (TPL) on reperfusion injury following global myocardial ischemia were studied in the Langendorff perfused, isolated rat heart model. Hearts were equilibrated with Krebs-Henseleit buffer for 10 min and subjected to 18 min of normothermic qlobal ischemia. When 10 µM Cu nitrilotriacetate or Cu (histidine)2 was included in the perfusate before, during, and following ischemia, the heart injury was more extensive (as shown by detns. of various functional parameters) and the work index recovered to only 17% of the preischemic value. The inclusion of 100 µM TPL during reperfusion abolished the Cu-induced sensitization. In the absence of Cu, TPL did not provide any protection against ischemia-reperfusion damage to the heart. The inclusion of 100 μM 1,4-dihydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine (TPL-H) during reperfusion partially abolished the Cu-induced sensitization. Since conversion between TPL and TPL-H takes place, the fact that both forms provide protection may increase their protective efficacy.

CC1-8 (Pharmacology)

STheart ischemia reperfusion copper nitroxide radical; antioxidant nitroxide radical heart ischemia reperfusion

IT Antioxidants

> (copper-aggravated heart ischemia-reperfusion injury inhibition by nitroxide radicals as)

IT13870-80-9 15158-11-9, Copper(II), biological studies 15844-52-7, Cupric nitrilotriacetate

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(nitroxide radicals prevention of heart ischemia-reperfusion injury aggravated by)

TI13870-80-9

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(nitroxide radicals prevention of heart ischemia-reperfusion injury aggravated by)

13870-80-9 CAPLUS RN

Copper, bis(L-histidinato-κN,κO)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

28

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

#### RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L22 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                         1996:452879 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         125:211078
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                         Copper(II) complexes with cyclo(L-aspartyl-L-aspartyl)
                         and cyclo(L-glutamyl-L-glutamyl) derivatives and their
                         antioxidant properties
                         Bonomo, Raffaele P.; Conte, Enrico; Impellizzeri,
AUTHOR (S):
                         Giuseppe; Pappalardo, Giuseppe; Purrello, Roberto;
                         Rizzarelli, Enrico
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Dip. Scienze Chimiche, Catania, 95125, Italy
SOURCE:
                         Journal of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions:
                         Inorganic Chemistry (1996), (14), 3093-3099
                         CODEN: JCDTBI; ISSN: 0300-9246
                         Royal Society of Chemistry
PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     Two new functionalized cyclodipeptides were synthesized with the aim of
     obtaining a good model of superoxide dismutase. Better to mimic the
     active site of this metalloenzyme, these two compds. were designed to
     allow a great coordination flexibility. Cu(II) complexes with
     cyclo(-L-aspartyl-L-aspartyl-) or cyclo(-L-glutamyl-L-glutamyl-
     ) bis (histamine) (L) were thermodynamically and spectroscopically
     characterized and their antioxidant activity tested against enzymically
     generated 02-. Taking into account the speciation of the system, the more
     active species against O2- is the [CuL2]2+ complex. ESR measurements
     suggest for this species the presence of four imidazole N atoms in a
     slightly tetrahedrally distorted coordination plane. The [CuLH-2] complex
     species also possesses four-N coordination involving two deprotonated
     peptide N atoms. [CuL2]2+ showed the highest antioxidant activity and
     reasons for this behavior are proposed from spectroscopic and voltammetric
     data.
CC
     78-7 (Inorganic Chemicals and Reactions)
     Section cross-reference(s): 7, 34, 68
ST
     superoxide dismutase model copper cycloaspartylaspartylbishistamine
     cycloglutamylglutamylbishistamine; copper cycloaspartylaspartylbishistamin
     e cycloglutamylglutamylbishistamine stability antioxidant
     activity; cycloaspartylaspartylbishistamine copper stability
     antioxidant activity; cycloglutamylglutamylbishistamine copper
     stability antioxidant activity; antioxidant activity
     copper cycloaspartylaspartylbishistamine cycloglutamylglutamylbishistamine;
      stability copper cycloaspartylaspartylbishistamine
     cycloglutamylglutamylbishistamine; cyclodipeptide bishistamine copper
     stability antioxidant activity
     9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase
IT
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); CAT (Catalyst use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
     (Uses)
        (stability and antioxidant activity of copper
        cycloglutamylglutamyl- and cycloaspartylaspartylbis(histamine)
        complexes as models for)
     181274-81-7 181274-83-9
                               181274-85-1
TI
                                             181274-87-3
     181274-89-5
                  181274-91-9
                                181274-93-1
                                               181274-95-3
                                                             181274-97-5
     RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); FORM (Formation,
     nonpreparative)
        (stability consts. and ESR as superoxide dismutase model)
IT
     181274-81-7 181274-83-9
     RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); FORM (Formation,
     nonpreparative)
```

(stability consts. and ESR as superoxide dismutase model)

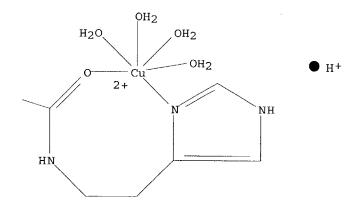
RN 181274-81-7 CAPLUS

● H+

RN 181274-83-9 CAPLUS

CN Copper(2+), tetraaqua[N,N'-bis[2-(1H-imidazol-4-yl)ethyl]-3,6-dioxo-2,5-piperazinedipropanamide]-, conjugate monoacid, [OC-6-23-(2S-cis)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B



L22 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1982:30112 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

96:30112

TITLE:

Antioxidant effect of cupric complex on

NADPH-dependent lipid peroxidation in rat liver

microsomes

AUTHOR(S):

Yamashoji, Shiro; Kajimoto, Goro

CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Fac. Nutr., Kobe Gakuin Univ., Kobe, 673, Japan Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (1981), 666(3), 442-5

CODEN: BBACAQ; ISSN: 0006-3002

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Journal English

AB The antioxidant effect of Hs-Cu (histidine + Cu2+) on NADPH-dependent lipid peroxidn. was proportional to the inhibitory effect on cytochrome c reduction in the presence of microsomes and ADP-Fe (ADP + Fe3+). The inhibition of cytochrome c reduction by His-Cu caused no inhibition of NADPH oxidation ADP-Fe stimulated NADPH oxidation in the absence of cytochrome c,

and

inhibited cytochrome c reduction His-Cu inhibited NADPH-oxidation stimulated

by

ADP-Fe in the absence of cytochrome c. His-Cu decreased the duration of cytochrome bs reduction in the presence of ADP-Fe, but the antioxidant effect of His-Cu was independent of the effect on cytochrome bs reduction Apparently, the antioxidant effect of His-Cu depends on the inhibitory effect on the electron transport from NADPH-cytochrome c reductase to ADP-Fe, but not on the inhibitory effect on the reductase activity.

CC 6-1 (General Biochemistry)

ST histidine copper antioxidant lipid peroxidn; liver microsome lipid peroxidn antioxidant; NADPH cytochrome electron transport antioxidant

IT Liver, metabolism

(lipid peroxidn. by microsomes of, histidine-copper complex antioxidant effect on, electron transport system in)

IT Microsome

(lipid peroxidn. by, in liver, histidine-copper complex antioxidant effect on, electron transport system in)

IT Peroxidation

(of lipids, by liver microsomes, histidine-copper complex antioxidant effect on, electron transport in)

IT Lipids, biological studies

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(peroxidn. of, by liver microsomes, histidine-copper complex antioxidant effect on, electron transport system in relation to)

IT 53-57-6

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(in lipid peroxidn., by liver microsomes, histidine-copper complex antioxidant effect in relation to)

IT 13870-80-9

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(lipid oxidation in liver microsomes inhibition by, electron transport from NADPH-cytochrome c reductase in relation to)

IT 13870-80-9

=>

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(lipid oxidation in liver microsomes inhibition by, electron transport from NADPH-cytochrome c reductase in relation to)

RN 13870-80-9 CAPLUS

CN Copper, bis(L-histidinato-κN,κO) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)